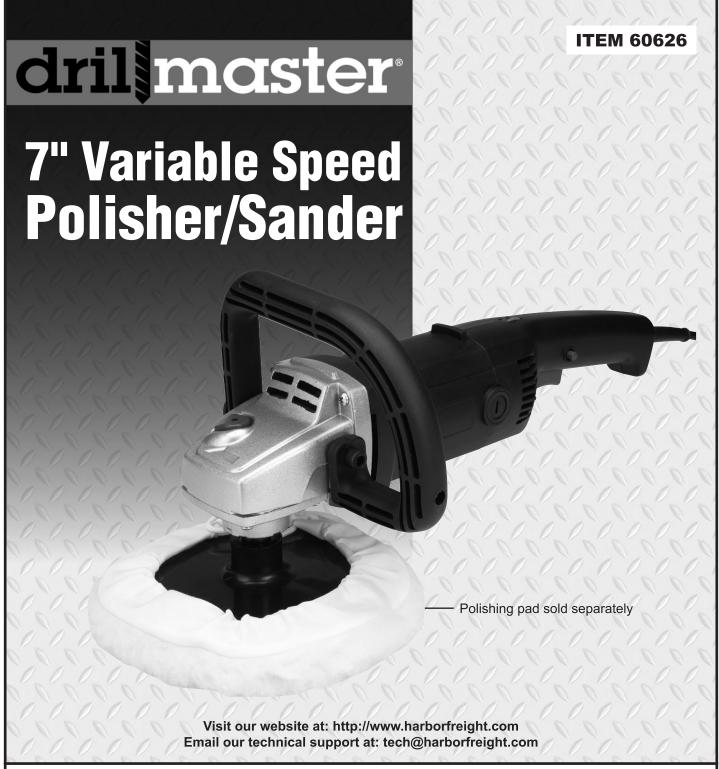
Owner's Manual & Safety Instructions

Save This Manual Keep this manual for the safety warnings and precautions, assembly, operating, inspection, maintenance and cleaning procedures. Write the product's serial number in the back of the manual near the assembly diagram (or month and year of purchase if product has no number). Keep this manual and the receipt in a safe and dry place for future reference.



When unpacking, make sure that the product is intact and undamaged. If any parts are missing or broken, please call 1-800-444-3353 as soon as possible.

Copyright[©] 2012 by Harbor Freight Tools[®]. All rights reserved.

No portion of this manual or any artwork contained herein may be reproduced in any shape or form without the express written consent of Harbor Freight Tools.

Diagrams within this manual may not be drawn proportionally. Due to continuing improvements, actual product may differ slightly from the product described herein.

Tools required for assembly and service may not be included.

AWARNING

Read this material before using this product. Failure to do so can result in serious injury. SAVE THIS MANUAL.

Table of Contents

Safety	2	Maintenance	16
Specifications	10	Parts List and Diagram	18
Setup	10	Warranty	20
Operation	13		



WARNING SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS			
A	This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.		
▲ DANGER	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.		
AWARNING	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.		
ACAUTION	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.		
NOTICE CAUTION	Addresses practices not related to personal injury.		

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

General Power Tool Safety Warnings

AWARNING

Read all safety warnings and instructions.

Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury. Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

The term "power tool" in the warnings refers to your mains-operated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

Work area safety

- 1. Keep work area clean and well lit.

 Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.
- Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust. Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- 3. Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool.

 Distractions can cause you to lose control.

Electrical safety

- Power tool plugs must match the outlet.
 Never modify the plug in any way.
 Do not use any adapter plugs with grounded power tools. Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.
- 2. Avoid body contact with grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators. There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is grounded.
- 3. Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions. Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.

- 4. Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts. Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.
- 5. When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use. Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.
- 6. If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protected supply.

 Use of a GFCI reduces the risk of electric shock.

Personal safety

- Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool.
 Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
- 2. Use safety equipment. Always wear eye protection. Safety equipment such as dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.
- 3. Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source and/or battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool. Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or energizing power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.
- 4. Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on. A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.

- 5. Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
- 6. Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewelry or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- 7. If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used. Use of these devices can reduce dust-related hazards.
- 8. Only use safety equipment that has been approved by an appropriate standards agency. Unapproved safety equipment may not provide adequate protection. Eye protection must be ANSI-approved and breathing protection must be NIOSH-approved for the specific hazards in the work area.

Power tool use and care

- 1. Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application.

 The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
- 2. Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off. Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.
- 3. Disconnect the plug from the power source and/or the battery pack from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools.

 Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.
- 4. Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool. Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.

- 5. Maintain power tools. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.
- 6. **Keep cutting tools sharp and clean.**Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.
- 7. Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc. in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed. Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.

Service

Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts. This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

Safety Warnings Common for Grinding, Sanding, Wire Brushing, Polishing, or Abrasive Cutting-Off Operations

- This power tool is intended to function as a sander and polisher. Read all safety warnings, instructions, illustrations and specifications provided with this power tool.
 Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.
- Operations such as grinding, wire brushing, or cutting-off are not recommended to be performed with this power tool. Operations for which the power tool was not designed may create a hazard and cause personal injury.
- Do not use accessories which are not specifically designed and recommended by the tool manufacturer. Just because the accessory can be attached to your power tool, it does not assure safe operation.
- 4. The rated speed of the accessory must be at least equal to the maximum speed marked on the power tool. Accessories running faster than their RATED SPEED can break and fly apart.
- The outside diameter and the thickness of your accessory must be within the capacity rating of your power tool. Incorrectly sized accessories cannot be adequately guarded or controlled.
- 6. The arbor size of wheels, flanges, backing pads or any other accessory must properly fit the spindle of the power tool. Accessories with arbor holes that do not match the mounting hardware of the power tool will run out of balance, vibrate excessively and may cause loss of control.
- 7. Do not use a damaged accessory.

 Before each use inspect the accessory such as abrasive wheels for chips and cracks, backing pad for cracks, tear or excess wear, wire brush for loose or cracked wires. If power tool or accessory is dropped, inspect for damage or install an undamaged accessory.

 After inspecting and installing an accessory, position yourself and bystanders away from the plane of the rotating accessory and run the power tool at maximum no-load speed for one minute. Damaged accessories will normally break apart during this test time.

- 8. Wear personal protective equipment. Depending on application, use face shield, safety goggles or safety glasses. As appropriate, wear dust mask, hearing protectors, gloves and workshop apron capable of stopping small abrasive or workpiece fragments. The eye protection must be capable of stopping flying debris generated by various operations. The eye protection must be capable of stopping flying debris generated by various operations. The dust mask or respirator must be capable of filtering out particles generated by your operation. Prolonged exposure to high intensity noise may cause hearing loss.
- Keep bystanders a safe distance away from work area. Anyone entering the work area must wear personal protective equipment. Fragments of workpiece or of a broken accessory may fly away and cause injury beyond immediate area of operation.
- 10. Hold power tool by insulated gripping surfaces only, when performing an operation where the accessory may contact hidden wiring or its own cord. An accessory contacting a "live" wire may make exposed metal parts of the power tool "live" and shock the operator.
- 11. Position the cord clear of the spinning accessory. If you lose control, the cord may be cut or snagged and your hand or arm may be pulled into the spinning accessory.
- 12. Never lay the power tool down until the accessory has come to a complete stop. The spinning accessory may grab the surface and pull the power tool out of your control.
- 13. Do not run the power tool while carrying it at your side. Accidental contact with the spinning accessory could snag your clothing, pulling the accessory into your body.
- 14. Regularly clean the power tool's air vents.

 The motor's fan will draw the dust inside
 the housing and excessive accumulation of
 powdered metal may cause electrical hazards.
- 15. Do not operate the power tool near flammable materials. Sparks could ignite these materials.

- 16. Do not use accessories that require liquid coolants. Using water or other liquid coolants may result in electrocution or shock.
- 17. Maintain labels and nameplates on the tool. These carry important safety information. If unreadable or missing, contact Harbor Freight Tools for a replacement.
- Avoid unintentional starting.
 Prepare to begin work before turning on the tool.
- 19. Do not depress the spindle lock when starting or during operation.
- 20. Do not leave the tool unattended when it is plugged into an electrical outlet. Turn off the tool, and unplug it from its electrical outlet before leaving.
- 21. Use clamps (not included) or other practical ways to secure and support the workpiece to a stable platform. Holding the work by hand or against your body is unstable and may lead to loss of control and personal injury.
- 22. This product is not a toy. Keep it out of reach of children.
- 23. People with pacemakers should consult their physician(s) before use. Electromagnetic fields in close proximity to heart pacemaker could cause pacemaker interference or pacemaker failure. In addition, people with pacemakers should:
 - Avoid operating alone.
 - Do not use with power switch locked on.

- Properly maintain and inspect to avoid electrical shock.
- Properly ground power cord. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) should also be implemented
 it prevents sustained electrical shock.
- 24. WARNING: Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities, contains chemicals known [to the State of California] to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:
 - · Lead from lead-based paints
 - Crystalline silica from bricks and cement or other masonry products
 - Arsenic and chromium from chemically treated lumber
 Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles. (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq.)
- 25. WARNING: Handling the cord on this product will expose you to lead, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq.)
- 26. The warnings, precautions, and instructions discussed in this instruction manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood by the operator that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be supplied by the operator.

Kickback and Related Warnings

Kickback is a sudden reaction to a pinched or snagged rotating wheel, backing pad, brush or any other accessory. Pinching or snagging causes rapid stalling of the rotating accessory which in turn causes the uncontrolled power tool to be forced in the direction opposite of the accessory's rotation at the point of the binding.

For example, if an abrasive wheel is snagged or pinched by the workpiece, the edge of the wheel that is entering into the pinch point can dig into the surface of the material causing the wheel to climb out or kick out. The wheel may either jump toward or away from the operator, depending on direction of the wheel's movement at the point of pinching. Abrasive wheels may also break under these conditions.

Kickback is the result of power tool misuse and/or incorrect operating procedures or conditions and can be avoided by taking proper precautions as given below.

1. Maintain a firm grip on the power tool and position your body and arm to allow you to

resist kickback forces. Always use auxiliary handle, if provided, for maximum control over kickback or torque reaction during start-up. The operator can control torque reactions or kickback forces, if proper precautions are taken.

- 2. Never place your hand near the rotating accessory. Accessory may kickback over your hand.
- 3. Do not position your body in the area where power tool will move if kickback occurs.

 Kickback will propel the tool in direction opposite to the wheel's movement at the point of snagging.
- 4. Use special care when working corners, sharp edges etc. Avoid bouncing and snagging the accessory. Corners, sharp edges or bouncing have a tendency to snag the rotating accessory and cause loss of control or kickback.
- Do not attach a saw chain woodcarving blade or toothed saw blade. Such blades create frequent kickback and loss of control.

Safety Warnings Specific for Sanding Operations

Do not use excessively oversized sanding disc paper. Follow manufacturer's recommendations when selecting sanding paper. Larger sanding paper extending beyond the sanding pad presents a laceration hazard and may cause snagging, tearing of the disc or kickback.

Safety Warnings Specific for Polishing Operations

Do not allow any loose portion of the polishing bonnet or its attachment strings to spin freely. Tuck away or trim any loose attachment strings. Loose and spinning attachment strings can entangle your fingers or snag on the workpiece.

Vibration Safety

This tool vibrates during use. Repeated or long-term exposure to vibration may cause temporary or permanent physical injury, particularly to the hands, arms and shoulders. To reduce the risk of vibration-related injury:

- Anyone using vibrating tools regularly or for an extended period should first be examined by a doctor and then have regular medical check-ups to ensure medical problems are not being caused or worsened from use. Pregnant women or people who have impaired blood circulation to the hand, past hand injuries, nervous system disorders, diabetes, or Raynaud's Disease should not use this tool. If you feel any medical or physical symptoms related to vibration (such as tingling, numbness, and white or blue fingers), seek medical advice as soon as possible.
- Do not smoke during use. Nicotine reduces the blood supply to the hands and fingers, increasing the risk of vibration-related injury.
- 3. Wear suitable gloves to reduce the vibration effects on the user.
- 4. Use tools with the lowest vibration when there is a choice between different processes.
- 5. Include vibration-free periods each day of work.
- 6. Grip tool as lightly as possible (while still keeping safe control of it). Let the tool do the work.
- 7. To reduce vibration, maintain the tool as explained in this manual. If any abnormal vibration occurs, stop use immediately.



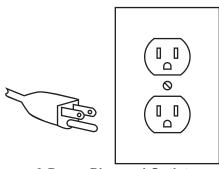
SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

AWARNING

TO PREVENT ELECTRIC SHOCK AND DEATH FROM INCORRECT GROUNDING WIRE CONNECTION:

Check with a qualified electrician if you are in doubt as to whether the outlet is properly grounded. Do not modify the power cord plug provided with the tool. Never remove the grounding prong from the plug. Do not use the tool if the power cord or plug is damaged. If damaged, have it repaired by a service facility before use. If the plug will not fit the outlet, have a proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.

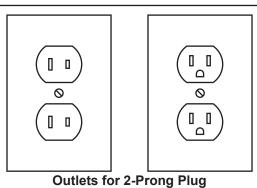
Grounded Tools: Tools with Three Prong Plugs



3-Prong Plug and Outlet

- Tools marked with "Grounding Required" have a three wire cord and three prong grounding plug. The plug must be connected to a properly grounded outlet. If the tool should electrically malfunction or break down, grounding provides a low resistance path to carry electricity away from the user, reducing the risk of electric shock. (See 3-Prong Plug and Outlet.)
- 2. The grounding prong in the plug is connected through the green wire inside the cord to the grounding system in the tool. The green wire in the cord must be the only wire connected to the tool's grounding system and must never be attached to an electrically "live" terminal. (See 3-Prong Plug and Outlet.)
- The tool must be plugged into an appropriate outlet, properly installed and grounded in accordance with all codes and ordinances. The plug and outlet should look like those in the preceding illustration. (See 3-Prong Plug and Outlet.)

Double Insulated Tools: Tools with Two Prong Plugs



- Tools marked "Double Insulated" do not require grounding. They have a special double insulation system which satisfies OSHA requirements and complies with the applicable standards of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., the Canadian Standard Association, and the National Electrical Code.
- Double insulated tools may be used in either of the 120 volt outlets shown in the preceding illustration. (See Outlets for 2-Prong Plug.)

Extension Cords

- Grounded tools require a three wire extension cord.
 Double Insulated tools can use either a two or three wire extension cord.
- As the distance from the supply outlet increases, you must use a heavier gauge extension cord.
 Using extension cords with inadequately sized wire causes a serious drop in voltage, resulting in loss of power and possible tool damage. (See Table A.)
- 3. The smaller the gauge number of the wire, the greater the capacity of the cord. For example, a 14 gauge cord can carry a higher current than a 16 gauge cord. (See Table A.)
- 4. When using more than one extension cord to make up the total length, make sure each cord contains at least the minimum wire size required. (See Table A.)
- If you are using one extension cord for more than one tool, add the nameplate amperes and use the sum to determine the required minimum cord size. (See Table A.)
- 6. If you are using an extension cord outdoors, make sure it is marked with the suffix "W-A" ("W" in Canada) to indicate it is acceptable for outdoor use.

- Make sure the extension cord is properly wired and in good electrical condition. Always replace a damaged extension cord or have it repaired by a qualified electrician before using it.
- 8. Protect the extension cords from sharp objects, excessive heat, and damp or wet areas.

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM WIRE GAUGE FOR EXTENSION CORDS* (120/240 VOLT)					
NAMEPLATE	EXTENSION CORD LENGTH			D	
AMPERES (at full load)	25′	50′	75′	100′	150′
0 – 2.0	18	18	18	18	16
2.1 – 3.4	18	18	18	16	14
3.5 – 5.0	18	18	16	14	12
5.1 – 7.0	18	16	14	12	12
7.1 – 12.0	18	14	12	10	-
12.1 – 16.0	14	12	10	-	-
i e					

TABLE A

16.1 - 20.0

* Based on limiting the line voltage drop to five volts at 150% of the rated amperes.

10

Symbology

	Double Insulated
(1) •	Canadian Standards Association
(UL)	Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
V	Volts
~	Alternating Current
Α	Amperes
n ₀ xxxx/min.	No Load Revolutions per Minute (RPM)

	WARNING marking concerning Risk of Eye Injury. Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles with side shields.
	Read the manual before set-up and/or use.
4	WARNING marking concerning Risk of Hearing Loss. Wear hearing protection.
(E)	WARNING marking concerning Risk of Fire. Do not cover ventilation ducts. Keep flammable objects away.
	WARNING marking concerning Risk of Electric Shock. Properly connect power cord to appropriate outlet.



Electrical Rating	120V~ / 60Hz / 10A
Motor No Load Speed	200-3350 RPM
Max. Accessory Diameter	7" (178 mm)
Spindle Thread	5/8" x 11 TPI
Accessories (sold separately)	Backing Pad Foam Pad Polishing Bonnet Sanding Discs



Setup - Before Use:



Read the <u>ENTIRE</u> IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product.

AWARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION: Release the Trigger and unplug the tool from its electrical outlet before assembling or making any adjustments to the tool.

Note: For additional information regarding the parts listed in the following pages, refer to the *Parts List and Assembly Diagram* near the end of this manual.

Installing the Auxiliary Handles

AWARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY:

Do not operate this tool without an Auxiliary Handle properly installed.

The D-Handle (included) may be installed for either right-hand or left-hand use.

Option 1: Using with the D-Handle

Attach the D-Handle to the sides of the Front Cover, using the Hex Key and two Hex Head Bolts.



Figure A

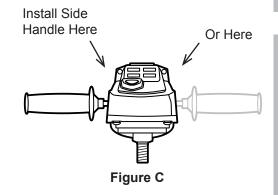
Note: Slide the Hex Key through the hole in the Handle to access the Bolt on the long side of the Handle.



Figure B: D-Handle Installed

Option 2: Using with a Side Handle (Side Handle not included)

This tool can be used with many standard angle grinder side handles which can be installed on either side.



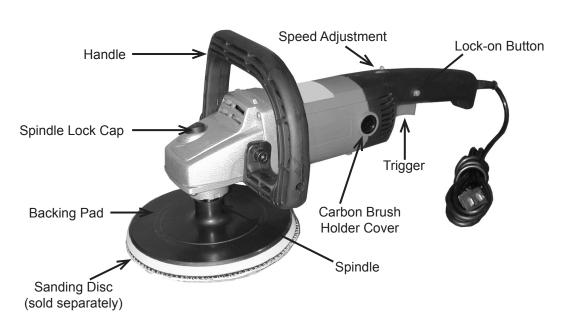


Figure D: Functions



Operating Instructions



Read the <u>ENTIRE</u> IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product.

Tool Set Up

AWARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:

Release the Trigger and unplug the tool from its electrical outlet before installing accessories.

Installing the Backing Pad/Foam Pad

- 1. The accessory MUST be:
 - rated to at least 3350 RPM.
 - no larger than 7" (178 mm) in diameter.
 - fitted with a threaded opening of 5/8" x 11 TPI.
 - undamaged.
 - · a backing pad.

- 2. Press in and hold the Spindle Lock Button to prevent the Spindle from turning.
- 3. Thread the Backing Pad onto the Spindle until firmly secured in place.

Workpiece and Work Area Set Up

- Designate a work area that is clean and well-lit.
 The work area must not allow access by children or pets to prevent distraction and injury.
- Route the power cord along a safe route to reach the work area without creating a tripping hazard or exposing the power cord to possible damage. The power cord must reach the work area with enough extra length to allow free movement while working.
- Secure loose workpieces using a vise or clamps (not included) to prevent movement while working.
- 4. There must not be hazardous objects, such as utility lines or foreign objects, nearby that will present a hazard while working.

Polishing

- 1. Make sure the surface to polish has been thoroughly washed, and is free of dust, dirt, oil, grease, etc.
- 2. Place a clean Foam Pad (sold separately) securely onto the Backing Pad.
- 2. Apply about two tablespoons of wax (not included) evenly on the clean Foam Pad.

<u>CAUTION!</u> Do not apply the wax directly to the surface of the vehicle. The amount of wax needed will vary according to the size of the vehicle being waxed.

3. Rotate the Speed Dial to select the desired speed between 1 and 4.

CAUTION: Only use the slower speeds (1 through 4) for polishing. Otherwise, damage may occur to the paint being polished. Harbor Freight Tools is not responsible for damage to the vehicle's finish due to improper use of this Polisher/Sander.

4. Plug the Power Cord into an electrical extension cord (not included). Then, plug the extension cord into a grounded, GFCI-protected, 120 volt electrical outlet.

<u>WARNING!</u> To prevent electric shock, keep cord connection off ground.

<u>Note:</u> Always start and stop the Polisher/Sander while it is held firmly against the surface of the vehicle. Failure to do so may result in the Foam Pad or Polishing Bonnet being thrown from the Polishing Pad.

- 5. To start, position the unit on the area to be polished, grip the Polisher/Sander firmly with both hands and press the Trigger. Release the Trigger to stop. To use the Lock on button, while holding in the Trigger, press the Lock On Button, then release the Trigger. The Polisher/Sander will stay on. Press and release the Trigger to stop.
- Keep pressure off of the Polisher/Sander when operating. The Foam Pad should LIGHTLY contact the polishing surface.

<u>CAUTION</u>: To prevent damage to the foam pad, polishing bonnet, and vehicle finish:
Only apply the pad/bonnet flat against the surface, see below.

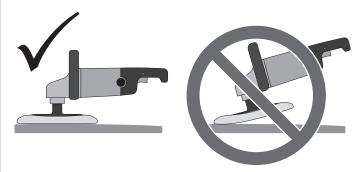


Figure F: Polishing Angle

- Begin using the Polisher/Sander to apply wax to the vehicle. Apply the wax to all flat surfaces with broad, sweeping strokes in a crisscross pattern. Apply the wax evenly over the surface of the vehicle.
- 8. Add additional wax to the Polishing Pad as needed. To add additional wax:
 - a. Stop the tool and allow the Polisher/ Sander to come to a complete stop.
 - b. Add a small amount of wax evenly over the pad surface.
 - c. Avoid using too much wax. For additional applications of wax to Foam Pad, reduce the amount of wax. The Foam Pad will not absorb as much wax in subsequent applications.
 - d. Resume operation.

Note: The most common error when waxing/polishing a vehicle is applying too much wax. If the Foam Pad becomes saturated with wax, applying wax will be more difficult and will take longer. Applying too much wax may also reduce the life of the Foam Pad. If the Foam Pad continually comes off the Backing Pad during use, too much wax may have been applied.

- After the wax has been applied to the vehicle's surface, turn off the Polisher/Sander. Unplug the Power Cord from the electrical extension cord.
- 10. Remove the Foam Pad from the Backing Pad and with your hand and the Foam Pad, apply wax to any hard to reach areas of the vehicle such as around lights, door handles, under bumpers, etc.
- 11. Allow sufficient time for the wax to dry.
- 12. Place a clean Polishing Bonnet (sold separately) securely onto the Backing Pad.

Note: Tightly pull the string to secure the Polishing Bonnet. Secure the string and keep it out of the way by tying several knots.

Note: Start and stop the Polisher/Sander only while it is held firmly against the surface of the vehicle. Failure to do so may result in the Bonnet being thrown from the Backing Pad.

- 13. Start the Polisher/Sander and begin buffing off the dried wax.
- 14. When you have removed as much wax as you can with the Polisher/Sander, turn off and unplug the Polisher/Sander.
- 15. Remove the Polishing Bonnet from Backing Pad. Using the Polishing Bonnet, remove the wax from all hard to reach areas of the vehicle.

Sanding

- Make sure that the surface to be sanded is wiped clean of all dirt and debris, especially that of previous courser sanding sessions, which will scratch the surface of a finer grit sanding session.
- 2. Attach the desired grit Sanding Disk (sold separately) onto the Backing Pad.
- 3. Rotate the Speed Dial to select the desired speed setting.
- 4. Plug the Power Cord of the Polisher/Sander into a grounded 120 volt, electrical outlet.
- 5. To start, grip the Polisher/Sander firmly with both hands and press the Trigger. Release the Trigger to stop. To use the Lock on button, while holding in the Trigger, press the Lock On Button, then release the Trigger. The Polisher/Sander will stay on. Press and release the Trigger to stop.
- 6. Wait until the Polisher/Sander has reached full speed, then gently contact the surface.

- 7. Keep heavy pressure off of the Polisher/Sander when operating. Allow the sanding disk to do the work.
- 8. Move the Polisher/Sander in a uniform pattern up and down or side to side as you sand to ensure even sanding.
- 9. Periodically, stop the Polisher/Sander and check for possible disc wear. Replace used or worn sanding discs when necessary.
- 10. When finished, turn off and unplug the Polisher/Sander.
- 11. Allow the tool to come to a complete stop before setting it down.
- 12. To prevent accidents, turn off the tool and disconnect its power supply after use. Clean, then store the tool indoors out of children's reach.

Maintenance and Servicing



Procedures not specifically explained in this manual must be performed only by a qualified technician.

AWARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION: Release the Trigger and unplug the tool from its electrical outlet before performing any inspection, maintenance, or cleaning procedures.

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM TOOL FAILURE:

Do not use damaged equipment. If abnormal noise or vibration occurs, have the problem corrected before further use.

Cleaning, Maintenance, and Lubrication

- 1. **BEFORE EACH USE**, inspect the general condition of the tool. Check for:
 - · loose hardware,
 - · misalignment or binding of moving parts,
 - · cracked or broken parts,
 - · damaged electrical wiring, and
 - any other condition that may affect its safe operation.
- AFTER USE, wipe external surfaces of the tool with clean cloth.
- 3. Periodically blow dust and grit out of the motor vents using dry compressed air. Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles and NIOSH-approved breathing protection while doing this.
- 4. Periodically recheck all nuts, bolts, and screws for tightness.
- Remove Foam Pad from Backing Pad when Polisher/Sander is not in use. This will allow Backing Pad to dry and retain its original shape. Wash with mild soap and water before storing.
- The Polishing Bonnet may be machine washed in cold water with mild detergent. Do not put in the dryer.
- Use only a clean cloth and mild detergent to clean the body of the Polisher. Do not use solvents. Do not immerse any part of the tool in liquid.

CARBON BRUSH MAINTENANCE.

The carbon brushes may require maintenance when the motor performance of the tool decreases or stops working completely. To maintain the brushes:

- a. Remove the Carbon Brush Cover on each side of the motor housing.
- Remove the carbon brushes from the housing. Keep track of which orientation the old carbon brushes were in to prevent needless wear if they will be reinstalled.
- c. If either carbon brush is worn down by more than 1/2, replace them both.
- d. To clean old carbon brushes before reusing them, rub the contact areas with a pencil eraser.
- e. Reinsert the old carbon brushes in the same orientation to reduce wear.
- f. When installing, make sure the carbon portions of the brushes contact the motor armature, and that the springs face away from the motor. Also, make sure the springs operate freely.
- g. Replace the Carbon Brush Covers. Do not overtighten.

Note: New carbon brushes tend to spark when first used until they wear and conform to the motor's armature.

9. **AWARNING!** If the supply cord of this power tool is damaged, it must be replaced only by a qualified service technician.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Causes	Likely Solutions
Tool will not start.	Cord not connected.	Check that cord is plugged in.
	2. No power at outlet.	Check power at outlet. If outlet is unpowered, turn off tool and check circuit breaker. If breaker is tripped, make sure circuit is right capacity for tool and circuit has no other loads.
	Internal damage or wear. (Carbon brushes or switch, for example.)	Replace Carbon Brushes and/ or have technician service tool.
Tool operates slowly.	Excess pressure applied to workpiece.	Decrease pressure, allow tool to do the work.
	Power being reduced by long or small diameter extension cord.	Eliminate use of extension cord. If an extension cord is needed, use one with the proper diameter for its length and load. See Extension Cords in GROUNDING section.
Performance	Carbon brushes worn or damaged.	Replace brushes.
decreases over time.		
Excessive noise	Internal damage or wear.	Have technician service tool.
or rattling.	(Carbon brushes or bearings, for example.)	
Overheating.	Forcing tool to work too fast.	Allow tool to work at its own rate.
	2. Blocked motor housing vents.	Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles and NIOSH-approved dust mask/respirator while blowing dust out of motor using compressed air.
	Motor being strained by long or small diameter extension cord.	3. Eliminate use of extension cord. If an extension cord is needed, use one with the proper diameter for its length and load. See Extension Cords in GROUNDING section.
Tool does not sand or polish effectively.	Disc accessory may be loose on Spindle.	Be sure disc accessory arbor is correct and Outer Flange/Arbor Nut is tight.
	Disc accessory may be damaged, worn or wrong type for the material.	Check condition and type of disc accessory. Use only proper type of disc accessory in good condition.
	3. Wax sprays off polishing pad.	3. Reduce RPM to minimum setting.



Follow all safety precautions whenever diagnosing or servicing the tool. Disconnect power supply before service.



PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY

THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR HAS PROVIDED THE PARTS LIST AND ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM IN THIS MANUAL AS A REFERENCE TOOL ONLY. NEITHER THE MANUFACTURER OR DISTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND TO THE BUYER THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO MAKE ANY REPAIRS TO THE PRODUCT, OR THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO REPLACE ANY PARTS OF THE PRODUCT. IN FACT, THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR EXPRESSLY STATES THAT ALL REPAIRS AND PARTS REPLACEMENTS SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN BY CERTIFIED AND LICENSED TECHNICIANS, AND NOT BY THE BUYER. THE BUYER ASSUMES ALL RISK AND LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER REPAIRS TO THE ORIGINAL PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO.

Parts List

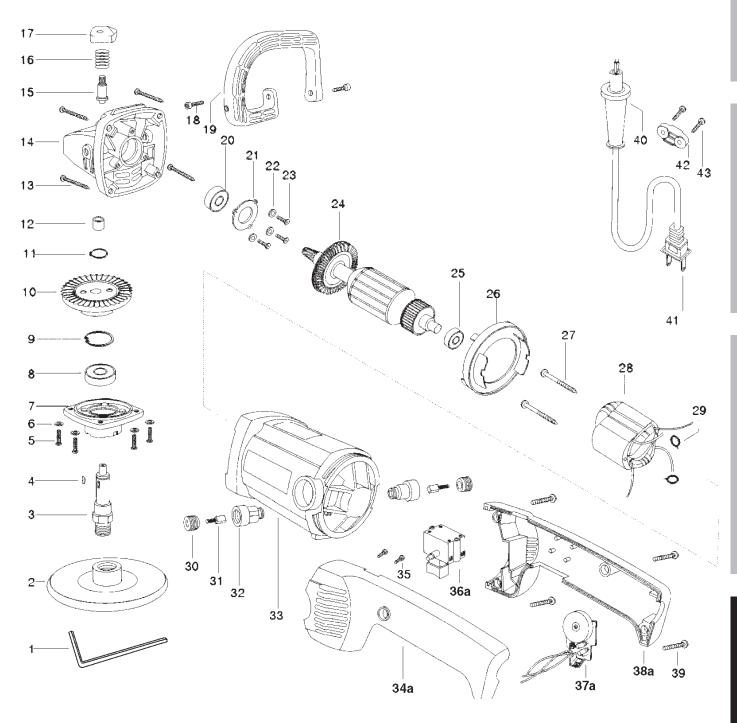
Part	Description	Qty
1	Hex Key	1
2	Backing Pad	1
3	Spindle	1
4	Half Circle Key (4x13)	1
5	Screw (5x16)	4
6	Spring Washer	4
7	Front Cover	1
8	Bearing (# 201)	1
9	Fender Ring (32)	1
10	Larger Gear	1
11	Fender Ring (12)	1
12	Steel Sleeve (115B, 12x8x10)	1
13	Tap Screw (5x30)	4
14	Front Cover	1
15	Lock Pin	1
16	Lock Spring	1
17	Spindle Lock Cap	1
18	Hex Head Screw (8x16)	2
19	Handle	1
20	Bearing (# 101)	1
21	Triangle Press Cover	1
22	Spring Washer (4)	3

Part	Description	Qty
23	Screw (4x10)	3
24	Armature	1
25	Bearing (# 18)	1
26	Wind Shield Ring	1
27	Tap Screw (5x55)	2
28	Stator	1
29	Spring (# 110)	2
30	Carbon Brush Holder Cover	2
31	Carbon Brush (# 4100)	2
32	Brush Holder (# 4100)	2
33	Motor Housing	1
34A	Upper Back Cover	1
35	Tap Screw (3x10)	2
36A	Trigger	1
37A	Speed Adjustment	1
38A	Lower Back Cover	1
39	Screw (4x20)	4
40	Sheath (# 125)	1
41	Power Cord	1
42	Press Cable Board	1
43	Tap Screw (4x14)	2

Record Product's Serial Number Here:

Note: If product has no serial number, record month and year of purchase instead.

Note: Some parts are listed and shown for illustration purposes only, and are not available individually as replacement parts.



Limited 90 Day Warranty

Harbor Freight Tools Co. makes every effort to assure that its products meet high quality and durability standards, and warrants to the original purchaser that this product is free from defects in materials and workmanship for the period of 90 days from the date of purchase. This warranty does not apply to damage due directly or indirectly, to misuse, abuse, negligence or accidents, repairs or alterations outside our facilities, criminal activity, improper installation, normal wear and tear, or to lack of maintenance. We shall in no event be liable for death, injuries to persons or property, or for incidental, contingent, special or consequential damages arising from the use of our product. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation of exclusion may not apply to you. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS.

To take advantage of this warranty, the product or part must be returned to us with transportation charges prepaid. Proof of purchase date and an explanation of the complaint must accompany the merchandise. If our inspection verifies the defect, we will either repair or replace the product at our election or we may elect to refund the purchase price if we cannot readily and quickly provide you with a replacement. We will return repaired products at our expense, but if we determine there is no defect, or that the defect resulted from causes not within the scope of our warranty, then you must bear the cost of returning the product.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

